

Manmohan Technical University
Office of the Controller of Examinations
Exam Year: 2082, Mangsir (Model Question)

School: SOE	Level: BE	Time: 3 Hours
Program: BEEE	Year/Part: IV/I	Full Marks: 50
Subject: High Voltage Engineering (EG712EX)		

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

GROUP A (Multiple-Choice Questions in separate paper)

[10×1=10]

GROUP B (Short Answer Questions - *Attempt Any Eight*)

[8×2=16]

- 1) Write any four major differences between HVAC & HVDC power cables.
- 2) Discuss in brief different categories of "Over voltages" occurring in a power system network?
- 3) Explain briefly various protection techniques used for HV electric power transmission lines and substations against lightning over voltages?
- 4) Discuss what do you understand by insulation coordination?
- 5) Explain the influence of high stress electromagnetic fields on electronic communication systems.
- 6) How are "Arcing Grounds" responsible for causing internal over voltages in HV power transmission systems?
- 7) a) Calculate the breakdown strength of air for a gap of **1 mm** under uniform field conditions and standard atmospheric conditions.
b) Explain the phenomenon of dielectric heating of solid insulators under the influence of AC fields.
- 8) Explain the mechanism of partial breakdown in dielectric materials?
- 9) Enlist the various techniques employed for the measurement of HVAC, HVDC and Impulse voltages

GROUP C (Long Answer Questions - *Attempt Any Six*)

[6×4=24]

10. a) Why are FACTS devices used in AC power transmission systems? Discuss different categories of FACTS devices.

b) Using a neat & labelled diagram, describe in brief the main components of a High Tension (HV) cable.

11. A surge of 3000kV is travelling along a 132kV line. The line surge impedance is 300 ohms and the protective level is 1700 kV. Determine (i) current through the arrester (ii) the value of the arrester resistance for this condition (iii) current and voltage reflection and refraction coefficients (iv) Optimal current rating of the arrester

12. Define the term "Over voltage" in a power system network. How over voltage can be detrimental to the overall health of power system components? Discuss any four reasons of occurrence of "internal over voltages".

13. What do you mean by "external over voltages" in electric power system network? List down the chief causes of occurrence of "external over voltages". Why external voltages are considered to be more destructive? Give reasons.

14. Explain how Insulation coordination is used for HV power transformers & HV transmission lines?

15. In an experiment on a certain gas it was found that the steady state current is 5.5×10^{-8} Amperes at 8kV at a distance of 0.4 cm between the plane electrodes. Keeping the field constant and reducing the distance to 0.1 cm results in a current of 5.5×10^{-9} A. Calculate Townsend's primary ionization coefficient α

16) A square insulation disc of 154 mm thick and relative permittivity of 10 has an internal void of 0.1 mm square thickness of dielectric strength of 46 kV/cm. Check whether the internal discharge will occur or not if 40kV applied across insulator. (Assume air dielectric strength of 30 kV/cm (peak)).

THE END